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BISBEE, ARIZONA, SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 18, 1916.

WNOZHV XINOWE
X JUNE 18 1916

FIVE CENTS.

WAR LOOMS WITH MEXICO AS FOURTH EXPEDITION CROSSES NEAR BROWNSVILLE

TO RUSH ALL AMERICANS OUT OF MEXICO

Spare No Money, Washington Advises U. S. Consuls In Hurrying Citizens To Places Of Safety

AVIATION SCHOOL STARTS AT EL PASO

Government Hurries Big Institution To Train Both Soldiers And Civilians On Bomb Dropping

U. S. Consul Stimpich at Nogales and Vice Consul Julian of Cananea said late last night they had not yet received orders to get Americans out of Sonora. They believed the orders applied only to the border states east of Sonora.

(By Review Leased Wire.)
EL PASO, June 17.—The State Department has authorized employees here to spend government money, if necessary, to get individual Americans out of Mexico. Not so much concern is felt over the old timers who have married Mexicans and become more or less Mexicanized, as the mining men down in the Perral district, who are for the most part new to the country.

Newspapers from Mexico reprint Carranza's decree calling for municipal elections throughout the republic on the first Sunday in September. This decree states that no person is eligible for election who has opposed the constitutionalist chief and the army and officials under his faction.

An aviation school for civilians as well as for army men will be set up next week on the parade ground at Fort Bliss by arrangement with the military authorities. Harry Youngblood, an aviator who holds a record for bomb dropping, will be in charge of the school.

DRILLING IN JUAREZ
EL PASO, June 17.—About three score of Mexicans reported in the Juarez Plaza this evening in response to a call to citizens to receive military instruction that they might be prepared to repel invasion in the event there should be a break with the United States. The Mexicans organized a civil guard, went through a few perfunctory military movements and went to their homes without further demonstrations.

Numerous rumors were current in El Paso today that secret organizations are being formed in Juarez whose members are pledged to take arms in the event of American intervention, but these were not confirmed by Mexican officials.

Excitement manifest in El Paso last night and early today apparently had abated tonight with the realization that every preparation has been made to protect the citizens in close touch with the situation apparently expected no overt act against the Americans from the Mexicans in this vicinity. Even the arrival of 400 troops from Villa Ahmuda, eighty three miles south to augment the Juarez garrison, caused but passing comment.

Overrun By Peons
Much interest centered in the number of destitute Mexicans who are arriving in Juarez daily in the hope of crossing into the United States to obtain work. Over 200 arrived today from the Torreón and Laguna district said Carranza officials in this district are given free transportation to peon families who come to the border. They pointed out that in the districts there is a shortage of food and little or no work and that the officials feel that the problem can best be solved in this way.

PEACEFUL MEXICANS ARE SAFE IN U. S.

SAN ANTONIO, June 17.—General Funston tonight asked General Parker at Brownsville to have published in the name of Gen. Funston assurance to all Mexicans on the American side whether of native or foreign birth that an acceptance of the situation would guarantee to them the protection of the American army. He asked General Parker to see to it that this assurance reached all the more prominent Mexicans in Brownsville and up and down the river. General Funston will ask Governor Ferguson of Texas tomorrow to endorse his action by similar assurance.

EXPEDITION ON TIP TOES AND READY FOR BATTLE

Boys 280 Miles In Mexico Sleep On Arms, Hoping Carranza Attempts To Carry Out Threats

GREAT SUPPLIES RUSHED TO THEM

Scouts On Alert Watching For Surprises, While Northwestern Railway Is Closely Watched

(By Review Leased Wire.)
COLUMBUS, June 17.—The American expedition in Mexico is sleeping on its arms prepared for any eventuality. According to reports here tonight General Jacinto Trevino's threat is taken seriously by the army men here, more especially since he occupied the better part of last week reforming his entire line south of Nampulipa.

American scout patrols have been detailed to watch the Mexican Northwestern Railway to prevent any surprise troop movements from the north or south.

Information leaking through from the south today indicates that the American troops are being re-disposed in sections where surprise might be possible. Outposts in every direction have been withdrawn and detailed to vantage points for protective purposes.

While no immediate attack is looked for yet, General Pershing is taking every precaution to protect his command. It is understood also that General Pershing's instructions from his superiors give him perfect freedom of action in case of attack by the Mexican defacto troops.

SYRACUSE CREW WINS REGATTA

Take Four And Two Mile Events With Cornell Second In Match

(By Review Leased Wire.)
POUGHKEEPSIE N. Y., June 17.—Syracuse University eight-oared crews won the two principal events of the interscholastic regatta here today. The freshman race was postponed until Monday.

In both the four-mile varsity and the other two miles contests, Coach Tenyck's took the lead shortly after the start and were never headed. They swept across the finish line in perfect form with plenty of power, apparently in reserve.

Cornell was second in each race, and it had not been for Coach Courtney's pupils the regatta would have been devoid of excitement.

Syracuse's varsity won the feather race of the day, defeating Cornell by a little more than a length, with Columbia about seven lengths behind the New York cousemen. The official times of the four miles were: Syracuse 20:15 2-5, Cornell 20:22 4-5, Columbia 20:41 1-5, Pennsylvania 30:05 3-5.

LANE, GREGORY AND DAVIS OFTENEST MENTIONED AS SUCCESSOR OF HUGHES



Franklin K. Lane (top left), Solicitor General Davis (lower left) and Thomas Watt Gregory.

The men oftenest mentioned as the successor of Charles E. Hughes on the supreme court bench are Franklin K. Lane of California, secretary of the interior; Thomas Watt Gregory, U. S. attorney general, and John W. Davis of West Virginia, solicitor general of the United States.

WHOLE BORDER EXPECTED TO BE BATTLE GROUND IN FEW HOURS

SAN ANTONIO, June 17.—United States army officers at headquarters here tonight regarded the Mexican situation as most serious. Assuming the defacto Mexican government would authorize Alfredo Ricaut to carry out his threat to attack any American force that crossed the line into Mexico some declared their belief that war was almost unavoidable. The crisis was reached today when more than 300 men of the Third Cavalry crossed the river below Brownsville in pursuit of the bandits that attacked a little detachment of the Twenty-sixth Infantry at San Benito last night.

General Parker commanding at Brownsville, sent cavalry scouring in the country in the vicinity of San Benito on a "hot trail" discovered by Lieut. Newman, commanding Troop H. The trail led across the river and Lieut. Newman led his troops across later in the forenoon.

Major Anderson with a squadron of the same regiment and a machine gun company, closed in on the same trail and early in the afternoon followed the lieutenant and his troop into Mexico.

Bandits Flee
The bandits fled without serious resistance. General Parker reported that he had sent to Consul Garza in Brownsville a note informing him that American troops had crossed the international boundary in conformity with the spirit of the agreement between the two countries authorizing the passage of troops when on a "hot trail" in pursuit of bandits. He also called the attention of the consul to the fact that the bandits had been run back to a distance which American authorities had long insisted was a rendezvous of the bandits and outlaws.

Looks Like War
Consul Garza replied, acknowledging receipt of General Parker's note, adding that he knew what it meant, and expressed his deep regret. Army officers here regarded Consul Garza's note as a tacit admission that he believed his government would resent the entrance of this latest punitive expedition, perhaps even to the point of attempting to force it from the country.

General Parker reported to the department headquarters the attack on the detachment of the Twenty-sixth Infantry last night but it was not until today that he supplemented this with any information as to the measures he had taken to run down the attacking party. His first report brought the news that a detachment of cavalry had entered Mexico.

General Parker has ordered the

(Continued on Page Three.)

NAVY TO AID AMERICANS TO QUIT MEXICO

Transports And Destroyers Bound For Vera Cruz And Tampico, Where 1000 Citizens Wait

DEAF EARS GREET CARRANZA THREAT

Note Going Forward Monday By Messenger Will Scorn De Facto Order. Brownsville Affair Grave

(By Review Leased Wire.)
WASHINGTON, June 17.—Confirmation of General Trevino's warning that any movement of American troops in Mexico except toward the border would be treated by the Carranza commanders as a hostile act reached the war department late today. Secretary Baker declined to comment or to make public General Trevino's message or the reply of General Pershing refusing to recognize authority of the Carranza generals over the American expedition.

Ultimatum Spurned
While it was apparent that General Pershing's reply would be backed up by officials here it was not indicated what further action the Washington government might take.

Secretary Baker took the text of General Trevino's ultimatum to the White House and conferred with the President tonight. It was understood that the President would await official information regarding reported fighting in the Brownsville district before he determined upon a course.

Tonight the war department had received no report on the development at Brownsville. Officials said that if Carranza troops had made any attack on American detachments following hot trails over the line the Americans undoubtedly would withdraw to the American side and entrench to repel any attempt to follow them. They did not believe any counter attack would be attempted without specific orders from Washington.

Wilson Unmoved
Neither state nor war department officials seemed greatly agitated over Carranza's ultimatum. Secretary Lansing said the policy of the administration was unchanged.

Note Leaves Monday
The reply to the Carranza note demanding recall of the American forces will leave by special messenger Monday for Mexico City, unless developments upset present plans.

On Ten Day Trip
Whether General Trevino's statement is presented on specific orders of Carranza, would influence President Wilson to interrupt the diplomatic exchange, no official would predict. Should the reply refusing withdrawal of General Pershing's expedition go by messenger it will not be delivered for ten days or more. Its text would not be made public until it had reached its destination in any event.

So far as known no additional steps toward calling out the national guard have been made.

Militia Forming
The new army bill providing for federalization of the militia will go into effect about July 1, thereby repealing the present militia law. The new act requires state troops who participate in federal appropriations to take a dual oath of allegiance. Only the Texas guard now is required such an oath and unless all the remaining units take the required oath before July 1, the legal hiatus will occur in their statute which may prove embarrassing. The attention of all governors has been called to this condition and they have been urged to see that their men are promptly sworn in in accordance with the new law. This correspondence is said to have led to reports that the guard of the various states had received orders for active service on the border.

It became known today that several army transports are being held in readiness for use as refugee ships should the need arise. Whether any actually have been ordered to Mexican waters officials would not say. The navy transport Hancock will go to Vera Cruz however, as soon as she has her marine passengers in Santo Domingo.

2800 Refugees
She should reach Vera Cruz in a Continued on Page Six.)

JUVENILE LAWS LOSE JUVENILE

In order to comply with the law requiring that no minor under the age of 18 years shall be confined in any cell or apartment with an adult charged with crime, Manuel Losa, who was held to await the Juvenile court, was allowed the freedom of the corridor in the branch county jail here and took advantage of the same by digging his way out sometime Friday night. Losa was held for taking a watch from the room of Leonard McWhorter and was to be taken to Tombstone soon. No trace has been found of the youth although a thorough search was made yesterday.

SONORA TROOPS THREATENING PERSHING LINE

2000 Cavalry Reported Marching On Carretos Pass On Way To Chihuahua. Communications Endangered

AGUA PRIETA IS DESERTED BY TROOPS

Entire Garrison Of Border City Joins Concentration At Fronteras, 29 Miles To The South

(By Review Leased Wire.)
DOUGLAS, Ariz., June 17.—The entire garrison of Agua Prieta, composed of about 350 infantrymen, left the town hurriedly late this afternoon on a special train on the Nacozari railroad. Their destination is said to be Fronteras, 29 miles south, where approximately 2,000 infantry under General Arnulfo Gomez are concentrated.

Veiled Movements.
Douglas, Ariz., June 17.—Eighteen hundred de facto Mexican cavalrymen who have been camped for two months at Chichaua, 35 miles south of here on the Nacozari railroad, started eastward today toward Carretos Pass, through which they could gain access to Chihuahua, according to Americans arriving from the north. Colonel Gabriel Jimenes is reported in command.

En Route East.
It is claimed officially in Agua Prieta that these troops are going to Nacozari, but men who say they met them on the road declare they were traveling away from Nacozari, riding southeast instead of south.

Excitement is at fever heat in northern Sonora, rumors concerning the intentions of American troops to invade Mexican territory having gained credence.

Peons Arming.
The civilian population is arming itself, according to official statements of Ives G. Levelev, Mexican consul here, preparatory to repelling any attempted aggression.

Local feeling is high, but well under control of the officials. Added precautions have been taken by the military authorities to prevent any outbreaks on this side of the line in the event of hostilities.

It was currently rumored today and believed by many people, including United States army officers that General P. Elias Calles will endeavor to hold Sonora neutral in the event of a break. This is doubted by well informed Americans in Sonora, who say that even though that were his intention, feeling against Americans has reached such a pitch in the state that he would find it impossible to do so.

16,000 Followers.
General Calles' entire force is estimated at from 16,000 to 20,000 men, mostly infantry. The larger part of the army is in central and southern Sonora, engaged in the Yaqui Indian campaign.

General Calles telegraphed General Arnulfo Gomez at Agua Prieta last night that he was leaving heronally today for the border expecting to arrive in Agua Prieta Monday, to take personal command over the border situation. Apprehension is felt among Americans in minute cases of Sonora in the event of hostilities but Consul Levelev reiterated today that General Calles has given his personal guarantee of safe escort to the border to all foreigners desiring to leave the country and will carry it through.

Unconfirmed rumors of demonstrations to be held in several of the (Continued on Page Five.)

PURSUIT OF HOT TRAIL DEVELOPS CRISIS

Four Hundred U. S. Cavalry Encamped In Mexico With Carranzista Force Threatening Attack

BATTLE IN BRUSH RAGES FOR HOURS

Americans Hold Ground While Reinforcements Hurry To Join Them. Break Expected Along Whole Line

(By Review Leased Wire.)
BROWNSVILLE, Texas, June 17.—Carranza Consul J. Z. Garza, stationed here, delivered early tonight General Alfredo Ricaut's ultimatum to General James Parker, Brownsville command, that unless the Anderson punitive expedition was withdrawn an attack would be made by Carranza troops. Immediately afterwards Consul Garza closed the consulate and moved to Matamoros.

Our Answer.
BROWNSVILLE, Texas, June 17.—Additional United States troops, including a portion of the Twenty-eighth Infantry and the remainder of the Third Cavalry under command of Colonel Blackson were en route to Nacozari tonight, the point of crossing of a squadron of the Third Cavalry into Mexico today, to reinforce those already sent in.

Brownsville, Tex., June 17.
The second squadron of the Third U. S. Cavalry, upward of 400 strong, after a battle with bandits, is sleeping tonight on Mexican soil less than ten miles from Matamoros the Mexican town opposite here where the Mexican population, armed with pistols and with anxiety. The soldiers' crossing was occasioned by the pursuit of the cavalry under command of Major Edward Anderson and Lieut. Newman on a hot trail of Mexican bandits who attacked detachments of the Twenty-sixth Infantry near San Benito last night.

Crossing, which was started at 10 o'clock had finished at sundown, without mishap of any kind, at a point about ten miles from here. The point of crossing is known as Naranjos, a small Mexican river settlement.

Brush Battle.
Within a half hour after the first troops had crossed, volleys of shots were heard from the brushy bushes of the Mexican side of the river, indicating that at least a part of the 30 bandits had been encountered. They were known to have been chased across the river by Lieut. A. D. Newman and Troop H of the Third Cavalry. No casualties of either side attended the crossing. A field wireless apparatus has been established on the American side of the river, tonight which will keep in close touch with the fourth punitive expedition into Mexico. Troop H was the first body of soldiers to cross the river. Most of the day these soldiers exchanged expedition had crossed the Rio Grande but the sole "casualty" was one Mexican bandit's horse. It was brought back to the Rio Grande as a souvenir.

Bloodless Skirmish.
At 11 o'clock this morning after spending one hour on Mexican soil, Lieut. Newman's command came in contact with the marauders and a lively, though bloodless, skirmish ensued, neither being able to see the other on account of the dense brush.

After crossing the river Newman dispatched a messenger to inform headquarters at Fort Brown of his crossing. The messenger, a private of Troop H lost his horse in the middle of the Rio Grande, and swam to the other side, almost losing his own life.

Hot Trail, Bloody.
The trail of blood, followed last night by the cavalry led to the body of a Mexican peon. His only possessions were two bullet holes, a rifle and some ammunition. He carried no papers which might have disclosed his name or affiliations. The situation in Matamoros tonight was serious. (Continued on Page 6)